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Symmetry Classification of Density Waves in Highly Anisotropic Materials

Helal Ahmed

Research Scholar, Ph. D. in Physics, Mansarovar Global University, Sehore, M.P., India.

ABSTRACT

Symmetry classification of density waves in highly anisotropic materials is crucial for understanding their complex physical properties. Density waves, which include charge density waves (CDWs) and spin density waves (SDWs), arise from the periodic modulation of electronic charge or spin within a material. In highly anisotropic materials, where electronic properties differ significantly along different crystallographic directions, the symmetry of these waves plays a key role in determining their behavior. The anisotropy leads to a deviation from traditional three-dimensional symmetry considerations, requiring a more refined classification approach that considers lower-dimensional symmetries. This classification is often based on the wave vector of the density wave and the symmetry of the order parameter. The symmetry of the order parameter determines how the density wave transforms under various symmetry operations, such as rotations and reflections. Anisotropic materials often exhibit lower symmetry, leading to complex patterns of density waves that can have significant effects on electronic transport, superconductivity, and magnetic properties. Understanding the symmetry classification allows for a more precise description of these materials' electronic phase transitions, guiding the design and development of new materials with tailored electronic properties for advanced technological applications.

Helal Ahmed C0824844